The main features of the new policy are:—

(i) The number of allotment systems have been reduced from 4 to 3 in the case of garments and from 7 to 5 in the case of textiles.

(ii) Both in respect of textile and garments 10% in the Past Performance system has been earmarked exclusively for distribution to exporters, whose unit value realisation has been higher than the average unit value realisation during the base period.

(iii) The base period for calculation of Past Performance Entitlement and Non-Quota Exporters Entitlement has been reduced from two years to one year.

(iv) Division of allotment year into two different periods for utilisation of quota has been dispensed with.

(b) and (c) Most of the exporters to whom quotas are allocated under one or more systems utilise their quota in full. In order to ensure full utilisation of quotas in various categories available to the country, the short fall or the anticipated short-fall in utilisation of quotas is worked out periodically and such quotas are reallocated among exporters on First-Come-First-Served basis.

Allotting More Time for Telecasts/ Broadcasts in Regional Languages

*18. SHRI TINDIVANAM G. VENKATARAMAN:
SHRI M.A. BABY:

Will the Minister of INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING be pleased to state:

(a) what time is allotted to the regional language of a State in a day's broadcast;

(b) what is the time allotted for Hindi in a day's broadcast;

(c) what is the exact number of hours allotted to Tamil Programmes in a day in Tamil Nadu;

(d) what is the number of hours now being allotted to Hindi;

(e) what action Government have taken on the representation of all party M.Ps. of Tamil Nadu to extend the time of Tamil programes and for reduction of Hindi programmes;

(f) whether orders were sent to Tamil Nadu Doordarshan in this regard;

(g) if not, the reasons therefor; and

(h) whether there will be revision of allotment of time to Hindi in spite of the representations?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING (SHRI K.P. SINGH DEO): (a) and (b) While no language-wise allotment of broadcast/telecast time is done by All India Radio and Doordarshan, the bulk of the programmes from all Radio Stations are in the regional language of that station. The regional service of Doordarshan, where operational today, ranges between 3V2 to 4 hours. Approximately 12 hours of programming is presently being done in Hindi in the national network of Doordarshan.

(c) The quantum of Tamil programmes ranges between 4 to 5'/2 hours per day on the primary channel, $2^{1}/_{2}$ hours per day on the second channel of Doordarshan Kendra, Madias and as many as 5 hours per day on the satellite channel. ETV programmes in Tamil are also broadcast for 45 minutes on week days making a total of eleven hours and forty five minutes on these days.

(d) Approximately 11 hours of Hindi programme are relayed by Doordarshan Kendra, Madras.

(e) and (f) Government have increased the numbers of hours of Tamil telecasts

by $2^{1/2}$ hours from October, 1993 and by another $2^{1/2}$ hours from February, 1994 on the satellite regional language services. Very soon on additional two hours of Tamil programming will be introduced on the second channel.

(g) Does not arise.

(h) No such proposal is under consideration at present.

गैर-बैंकिंग वित्तीय संस्थानों को राजकीय आर्थिक सहायता

*19. श्री राम जेठमलानी:
श्री वीरेन जे० शाह:

क्या वित्त मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि:

(क) क्या यह सच है कि सरकार द्वारा गैर-बैंकिंग वित्तीय संस्थानों को वार्षिक राजकीय आर्थिक सहायता दी जाती रही है;

(ख) यदि हां, तो 1990-91, 1991-92 और 1992-93 के दौरान पृथक-पृथक कितनी-कितनी धनराशि सरकार द्वारा राजकीय आर्थिक सहायता के रूप में प्रदान की गई है;

(ग) उन संस्थानों के क्या-क्या नाम हैं, जिन्हें उक्त अवधि के दौरान यह सहायता प्रदान की गई है;

(घ) उक्त राशि इन संस्थानों को राजकीय आर्थिक सहायता के रूप में ही दिये जाने के क्या कारण हैं;

(ङ) क्या यह सच है कि उक्त संस्थान व्यापारिक आधार पर ही अपना कार्यकरण करते हैं;

(च) यदि हां, तो क्या उक्त संस्थानों को गत तीन वर्षों के दौरान निरंतर घाटा हुआ है; और

(छ) यदि हां, तो उन्हें कितनी-कितनी राशि का घाटा हुआ था और उस घाटे के कारण क्या क्या थे?

वित्त मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री और संसदीय कार्य मंत्रालय के राज्य मंत्री (डा० अबरार अहमद): (क) सम्भवतः प्रश्न का आशय गैर-बैंककारी वित्तीय कम्पनियों से है। सरकार गैर-बैंककारी वित्तीय संस्थाओं को कोई सब्सिडी नहीं देती है।

(ख) से (छ) ये प्रश्न पैदा ही नहीं होते।

Retention of Clerical Staff of SB1 at One Place

*20. SHRI J. S. RAJU: Will the Minister of FINANCE be plased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that clerks/ typists in the State Bank of India, Local Head Office, New Delhi are staying at one place for more than five years;

(b) whether it is a fact that these clerks/typists do not remain conversant with the banking work due to their retention at one place for such a long period; and

(c) what steps Government propose to take to deploy their staff to face new challenges on account of economic liberalisation?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF FINANCE AND MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS (DR. ABRAR AHMED): (a) to (c) State Bank of India, Local Head Office, New Delhi has reported that as on 31.12.1993, 115 clerks, presently posted at the Local Head Office only. were yet to be subjected to rotational transfers. They have further reported that the apprehension that these clersks/ typists do not remain conversant with the banking work due to their retention at one place for a long period is not correct because the nature of work at Head Office is not completely divereed from branch level working. Moreover, the employees are exposed to regular on the job, institutional training for continuous upgradation of their knowledge and skills,, besides behavioural science inputs. Bank has further reported that most modern training infrastructure is in existence with it and the bank is adequately equipped to handle the needs for skill development to enable the staff to face the emerging challenges arising on account of competition.